WASHINGTON CITY.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 9, 1857. RE-Mr. ISRAEL E. JAMES, No. 182 South Tepth street, Philadelphia to our general traveling agont, assisted by Wil. H. Weth, John Cotton, James Denniss, J. Harwitt, R. S. James, Tion. D. Nick, R. W. Mondow, E. W. Wilkt, Wh. L. Watenbay, Alex. H. Carson, D. K. Mustir, Bist. F. Swais, T. Abinhan, and P. Davis.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

We continue to-day extracts from our exchanges, showing the opinions of the press, without respect to party, of the merits and preëminent success of the reply of the President to the memorial of the political parsons of Connecticut. We call the attention of our readers to the fact, that several of these commendatory notices are from the opposition press. The positions of the President are so patriotic and well taken; so reasonable, just, and proper; so temperately, courteously, and successfully argued, that even black-republicanism and know-nothingism for a moment suspend their cavils, and heed the voice of a great and a good man, intent upon securing the eace, the welfare, and the glory of the whole country. It is not merely because he speaks as the Pres ident of the United States; it is not only because he speaks as the head of the nation, and the honored chief of his party, that the popular mind acquiesces in what he says, but because he uttered the words of truth and patriotism with the firmness and moral courage which the occasion required; and construed the constitution, and explained his own duties unde it, with a truth and force which none might deny. He has long since told the country that he has no object in the future, except to discharge the onerous duties of his high station in such a manner, that unity, peace, safety, and honor may rest upon the whole country. He is sagacious. Long experience has made him wise. And his independent position before his countrymen gives him the moral courage to declare to them that policy which the constitution authorizes, and the best interests of the country require. A northern man by birth and education, yet he has the firmness to rebuke abolition fanaticism by telling them-what no statesman has enunciated before—that the constitution itself carries slavery into the Territories. He gaid it ten years ago-and he repeats it in terse, unmistakable language now. It is true, the Supreme Court has said the same thing in their decision of the Dred Scott case; but they reason it out through a hundred pages, and it does not so readily strike the popular mind, as this simple and distinct expression of an opinion long entertained by him. But, intent only in seeing that the laws are faithfully executed, he announces this in no partisan spirit, but as the judgment of a statesman and patriot whose best energies are culisted for the welfare of the country.

These extracts, then, as far as they go, are but the award of public opinion as to the merits of the policy which is discussed in his letter to the Connecticut clergymen. We shall continue them from time to time, until a full expression of the public judgment has been made.

A FACT THAT OUGHT NOT TO REMAIN A FACT. The Pennsylvania Inquirer of the 2d inst., referring to the transaction of public business in this city,

"A man who knows exactly where to go, and what

particular officials to see, can accomplish more in Washington in an hour than a stranger can in a week." We believe that this is emphatically true, though in a government like ours, purporting to be formed by and act under the control of the people, it ought not to continue to be true. The theory upon which we profess to act is all correct, but, in much of our organization and arrangement, it has been wholly lost eight of. One complication follows another, until, in some branches of the government, few can follow the windings which exist by force of statutes, and fewer still those created by regulations or occasioned by practice. The laws of Congress are in that scattered and confused condition that few, if any, can tell which are in force, or what they would mean if brought together; while to a stranger they are an obscure puzzle. There is nothing to lead him where he wishes to go. The edition recognised and sanctioned by Congress contains numerous errors and misdirections, with no reliable indications for finding everything enacted upon a subject, or to determine with Congress, and then with the public functionaries democrats and 37 know-nothings. themselves. The former should make the machinery of the federal government more simple and better adapted to the public wants. All that is cumbersome and complicated should be removed, and that of a more simple character substituted. The statutes should not only contain the law in the plainest and most simple language, but should point out the agents of their administration, so that an intelligent man, by their aid, could acquire a knowledge of his rights, and before whom and how to assert them. The Post Office Department, in 1836, through the agency of Mr. Kendall, took a bold step in the right direction, which may well be followed up. But for the simplicity introduced, that department would come to a stand-still. It still needs more reform, but as the tendency is steadily downward, it will probab reach a hundred millions before the dealers will be ab plexity has been obscured by absurd additions and bungling amendments. By the light of the statutes, as they now exist, not an account can be settled or right asserted by the most learned lawyer, much less by a common citizen. Neither the people, nor their counsel at their homes, can penetrate this mass of statute darkness, often rendered more dark by office rules and official practice; and even here on the spot they are often but little better off. This condition of things is the subject of just reproach. We hope the steps necessary to remove the cause of complaint suggested by our cotemporary will be taken at the earliest practicable day, and that the subject will be pursued with zeal and energy to final

HANESS OF SENATOR BATES.

and successful completion.

We deeply regret to announce, says the Wilmington (Delaware) Reporter, that Hon. Martin W. Bates has been quite ill for the past two weeks at his residence in this town. He is confined to his bed, and for days at a time unable to sit up. Besides general debilitation, he has a constant pain in and around one of his eyes -the one on which he had an operation performed a few weeks since.

EX-GOVERNOR VROOM.

The New York Commercial of Monday evening has the following antiouncement :

"Among the passengers by the Arago is ex-Governor Vroom, of New Jersey, late United States minister at Berlin. The citizens of Trenton and the common council have united to give a public reception to their townsman is token of respect for his public and private virtues. Arrangements for that purpose were agreed upon on Friday evening last."

BLACK REPUBLICAN CONSISTENCY.

The first legislature of Kansas prescribed as a ualification for voting in the Territory actual resience and the payment of taxes. The black-repullicans denounced this law as unjust in its operations, and demanded its repeal. They insisted that requiring only actual residence, instead of a term of considerable duration, was intended to allow "border ruffians" from Missouri and elsewhere to come into the Territory to vote and control its institutions, hen, in fact, they did not design to remain there, Wishing to avoid all ground for such pretences, ven though wholly groundless, the legislature, at its last session, modified the law so as to require an actual residence of six months as one of the qualifications entitling a person to vote. The black-repub licans denounce this law with quite as much bitterness and clamor as they did the former, because they say it will deprive some of their party of the right vote. This is a specimen of the consistency of that party. No law can be framed with which they would be satisfied unless it is so contrived as to aid in carrying out some of their special purposes. They are neither pleased with a long nor short residence, or with simply actual residence. Whatever may be one by the democracy will be unsatisfactory to them and be the subject of complaint. They are likely soon to have a new and permanent one. A demo cratic convention will soon assemble and prepare a onatitution partaking largely of democratic principles. The people will adopt it, and Congress will admit Kansas as an independent State upon an equal footing with the original States. She will crats. The administration of the State government will be in democratic hands. Her legislature will be democratic, and her State institutions based upon the broad and liberal principles of the democracy. These results will afford black-republicanism cause of endless complaint. We never expect to see them satisfied with them. It is fortunate, however, for the country that the very causes which induce them to complain furnish ample reason for rejoicing by the people. Black-republicanism rises when the public interests suffer, and sinks with their elevation. It dourishes most when error and wrong are producing. be represented in the Senate and House by demoflourishes most when error and wrong are producing their worst consequences. Democracy flourishes most where reason, justice, and the public good have the most ample sway and control.

THE VERMONT ELECTION.

The Vermont Patriot, extra, states that in three towns the black-republicans have gained three repesentatives, and in thirteen towns there is a demo cratic gain of thirteen. As far as heard from sixty two black-republicans, fifteen democrats, and one old-line whig are elected. Rufus Fletcher (blackold-line whig are elected. Rufus Fletcher (black-republican) is re-elected governor by a large, though reduced, majority. The Burlington Sentinel says "there has been a great falling off in the black-republican vote in this State, as will be seen when the votes of this year and last are compared, and the fact cannot be concealed that scores and scores who voted with our opponents have become disgusted with the whole schedule of "bleeding Kansas" issues which have been presented to them by their party leaders; and

THE KENTUCKY ELECTION

The official returns of the election of the 3d ult. re published. The vote for members of Congress

stood as follows:	
Dist. Democrats. 1 H. C. Burnett 8,985 II Sanuel O. Payton. 7,215 III J. H. Lowis. 6,156 IV A. G. Talbot. 7,022 V. J. H. Jewett 7,377 VI J. M. Elliott 7,476 VII Thomas II. Holt 4,975 VII J. B. Clay 6,577 IX J. C. Mason 8,148 X. J. W. Stevenson 8,744 1.00	2 J. L. Johnson 6,1 W. L. Underwood 6,3 W. C. Anderson 6,8 B. R. Young 4,9 J. A. Moore 5,9 H. Marshall 6,0 R. W. Hanson 6,4 L. M. Cox 7,5
Total	
Dem. majority 15,242	
For State treasurer :	
James H. Gerrard, democrat. Thomas L. Jones, know nothic	
Democratic majority	

In the State senate there are 18 democrats and 20 hether in force or repealed. The remedy rests, first, know-nothings; in the house of representatives

> THE DECLINE IN SUGAR. Consumers generally will not regret to learn that the price of sugar is still on the decline. The Boston traveller says:

> "The decline from the highest point is now cents a pound, and there is a strong probability that bot-tom is not yet half reached. When the decline had reached only one-half the present amount, a few weeks since, the New York Independent estimated that on the stock of \$5,000 tons of sugar and four million gallons of molasses, held in that port alone, the loss was then fully three and a half million dollars. Of course it must be double that now, and if this loss is made on that stored in New York alone, what must it be on the vast quantity in New York alone, what must it be on the vast quantity affoat, in store in Europe and in the United States, and, the stocks on hand in the sugar-exporting countries. It cannot be less than fifty millions of dollars already, and touch the next crop."

THE JACKSON GOLD BOX.

We find in the New York city papers the following telegraphic despatch :

Nashvilla, (Tenn.,) Sept. 5, 1857. I arrived Friday morning, 10 a. m. Left for the Her-nitage at two. Had an interview with Andrew Jackson at 4, p. m. He insisted on my stopping all night, which I did. He stated he did not know how to act, as he had I did. He stated he did not know how to act, as he had large packages of remonstrances and papers, in which Gen. Gaines and Capt. Taylor figured largely. I remonstrated against them. He sent word to the governor and mayor of Nashville to be present at the delivery of the box to me at the capitol, which I received at 12, m. I leave to-morrow morning for the Mammoth Cave. Andrew Jackson accompanies me to New York.

JOHN VAN TIME

JOHN VAN TINE.
To Alderman Monggan, No. 8 City Hall, New York.

The Hartford (Conn.) Times says: "The President's letter to Professor Silliman and the 'forty clergymen' of New Haven proves to be a sore sub-ject to the bleeding Kansas presess. Some of them hard-ly know how to treat it, and find fault with the Presi-dent for having written it at all. It will probably be a long time before the Sharpe's-rifle brigade will again open their fire upon Mr. Bucharan. Their shot bound back with damaging effect upon themselves." with damaging effect upon themselves."

SOBER SECOND THOUGHT--The free-State men of Kansa have resolved, at their convention at Grasshopper Falls, "to participate" in the October election, and abandor the Topeka tactics. It is probable that the President's letter to the New Haven professor will confirm them in arther rebellion .- Journal of Commerce.

The Chamber of Commerce of St. Louis has extended an invitation to the President and Vice President of the United States to be present on the occasion of the Agricultural Fair at that place, and has appointed a committee to extend to them the hospitalities of the city.

DEPARTMENT NEWS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT. ute of Light-House Keepers .- Wm. G. Green, keeper of the beacon light on the battery at Charleston,

South Carolina. Salary, \$250 a year.

John J. Wilson, assistant keeper of the light-house at
Pleasonton island, Louisiana, in place of D. B. Jones, resigned. Salary, \$360 a year.

Implies. - The Acting Commissioner of Patents has received an interesting letter from Theodore Blume, vice president of Calvert College, Carroll county, Maryland, in which the writer states that he has been successful beyond his most sanguine expectations in the cultivation of nearly all the seeds which he received through the Patent Office. Eight of the eleven varieties of Imphee (African sugar-cane) which he received about the middle of June e thriving admirably. The stalks were considerable thicker than those of the Chinese sugar-cane. He had rocured from T. Thorburact & Co., of New York, a quantity of what they sell for African Imphee, but the stalks from this seed resembled very much the Chinese sugar-cane, and bore not the slightest resemblance to those which he raised from the seed which he received from the

The La Cross and Milwaukie Railroad. - Maps of the fin ocation of the La Cross and Milwaukie railroad from Madison to the St. Croix river, Wisconsin, have been re eived by the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Appointment of a Route Agent.-James M. Palmer, of Hillsboro', North Carolina, on the North Carolina railroad, from Goldsborough to Charlotte, in place of J. B. McDade, declined.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

COURTSHIP AND MARRIAGE BY EXPRESS .- A wedding

About 20,000 people assembled upon the fair grounds at Elmira, New York, on Saturday, to witness the great contest between Flora Temple, Lancet, Miller's Damsel, and Red Bird. The race was subject to these conditions: Mile heats, best three in five; Lancet to go under the saddle, and the others to harness. Three prizes were awarded, viz: \$2,000, \$1,000, and \$500. The following was the result. Flora Temple, first Lancet, second: awarded, viz: \$2,000, \$1,000, and \$500. The following was the result: Flora Temple, first; Lancet, second; and Red Bird, third. Three straight heats were trotted. Miller's Damsel was withdrawn after the second heat. The time made was 2.26½, 2.27, and 2.25. This is the fastest time ever made in the United States, with the exception of that made by Flora Temple in her great trot over the Union course some time ago in 2.24½.

An affray took place in Mount Washington, Bullitt county, Kentucky, on Friday, between William Hall and

The New Albany (Indiana) Tribune says : "On Sunday been presented to them by their party leaders; and as revolutions never go backwards, we confidently predict that the Green Mountain State will soon cut itself loose from the negro-agitating faction of black-republicanism."

THE KENTUCKY ELECTION.

The New Albany (Indiana) Tribune says: "On Sunday morning last a couple of Frenchmen, from Louisville, met about a mile and a half from Jeffersonville to settle an affair of honor. The parties cast lots for the first fire, according to the French mode. The party state at his adversary and missed him. The other party stood the fire without a change of muscle, and then, instead of taking his chance, there his pistol down and said he did not want to kill his adversary."

A company of forty soldiers arrived in this city yester-day morning, (says the St. Louis Leader of Thursday.) at 11 o'clock, from New York. They left New York Mon day morning via New York and Erie, Bellefontaine and St. Louis and Terre Haute railroads, being but fifty-two hours from New York. They took the 3-o'clock train on the Pacific Railroad, which will land them in Leaven worth Friday, only four days and a half from New York to

Morton, of the Kane expedition, while on his way in a carriage to attend the funeral of his companion, McGary, was suddenly attacked with illness, apparently of a similar character to that which carried off McGary—an affection of the brain. It was found necessary, in consequence, to immediately call in the services of a physician. Mr. Morton, when attacked, was in the act of drawing from his pocket a pair of mourning gloves used by him on the occasion of the funeral of Dr. Kane.

[Boston Traveller.

A singular fatality seems to attend the European steamship lines to Canada. A few weeks age the steamsing Canada sunk in the St. Lawrence, and now we have to chronicle the total loss of the Clyde. The Clyde was an iron screw vessel of 1,800 tons, built at Greenock in 1854, and owned by the Clyde Steamship Company

The mother of Gen. Rusk is living at this time within two miles of the village of Walhalla, Pickens district, South Carolina, and is in the seventy-eighth year of her age, and retains all the faculties of her mind perfect. We are in possession of the fact (says the Walhalla Banner) are in possession of the fact (says the Walhalla Banner) that Gen. Rusk provided her with the comforts of life up to the very last period of his life.

The Paris Pays says that Sir Colin Campbell had been ordered to take command of the forces before Delhi, and the same journal, in allusion to the strength of that place, says that General Bernard wrote a few days before his death, "I cannot disguise from myself that I am before a new Schaftond." Total number of emigrants arrived at the port of New

York this year up to September 2,126,272, against 89,572 to same date last year. The commissioners now have a balance in their treasury of \$71,015 85. It is said that 100,000 acres of land have been planted

with the Chinese sugar plant this year. It is but three years since it was first introduced into the country. The number of deaths in New York last week was 675

which is an excess of 62, compared with the week previ-Marble Manufactures, Tombs, Statuettes, Etc.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully invites the attention of the public to his large and elegant stock of of the public to his large and elegant stock of MARBLES, TOMBSTONES, AND MONUMENTS, At his establishment on E street north, between Twelfth and Thirteenth

treets.

He has in his employ carvers and other experienced workers in fine and coarse marbles, and in every other description of stone. MARRIE MANTELS OF THE LATEST STYLES, Of his own manufacture, and of superior quality

LINTILS, DOOR AND WINDOW SILLS, CARRIAGE STEPS, NEW YORK FLAGGING. &c. In fact, everything that is required in the marble and atone business, either for utility or taste for the fine arts.

He deems a particular description of his stock nunccessary, but cordially invites a visit to his yard, where every one can judge for him-

self. In addition to the above-enumerated articles he has a number of beautifully strought statuettes, soliable for either the tomb or the garden; some of them imported by himself from Italy. If these please not the fance, he will manufacture to order stirch is may be desired. By his varied facilities, prompthess, and strick attention to business, he hopes to meet the expectations of his patrons.

WILLIAM RUTHERFORD.

E street north, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets.

PERSONS desiring copies of Colonel Forney's new paper. THE PRESS, can obtain them every evening before of o'clock at Mr. De Camp's, on Pennsylvenia avenue, near 4 ½, street or at Mr. Adamson's, opposite the Post Office. Mr. De Camp receive

CHOOL BOOKS of the latest editions, and strongly ound, such as are used in the city and District, for sale at it prices by FRANCK TAYLOR.

CRENCH DRAWING BOOKS

Of flowers, Of landscape drawing. Of animula.

LOCAL NEWS.

ing on Monday last of the city and district schools and institutions of learning, we omitted to include the widehistottoons or rearring, we omitted to include the wide-ly-known and popular university, whose buildings and well-appointed play-grounds, ball-alleys, gymnasium, and "College Woods," are at once an ornament and an honor to our sister city of Georgetown. We now supply the omission, by stating that the opening of the Georgetown College schools on Monday last gave unusual promise for the scholastic year 1857-'58. Upwards of one hundr.d and fifty students were entered at mid-day, and that number has since, we learn, been largely augment-ed. A large number of "junior freshmen" have aleady entered for their first year, and most of the "th hundred and eleven" with which the session closed last year have returned or are expected to return. The great prosperity of the college during the past five years attest its excellent government and system, and reflects deserv-elly high credit upon President Maguire and the faculty

tion of the different professors this year : Rev. B. A. Maguire, president. Rev. Robert Brady, vice president and first prefect. Rev. George Fenwick, professor of rhetoric and pre-

of the college. The following are the names and posi-

schools.

Rev. S. Barber, (formerly president of the Washington minary,) professor of poetry. Rev. James Clarke, professor of natural philosophy and

hemistry.

Rev. James Carley, professor of astronomy and director

f the observatory.

Rev. Mr. Roccofort, professor of French.

Rev. Joseph Duverney and Rev. Mr. Ashwanden, prosors of theology. of theology.

Edward H. Welch, professor of mental and me

al philosophy.

Rev. Thomas Mulledy (formerly president of Georgetown College) resides in the college, and has pastoral
care of Trinity church, Georgetown.

Rev. David Lynch, (vice president of F street Seminary, Washington) will continue to lecture in the college
on history.

Besides the above, there are six assistant professors and

A MONUMENT TO FRANKLIN. - At the regular meeting of the Columbia Typographical Society, of this city, on

Saturday evening last, a committee was appointed to con-fer upon the feasibility of procuring, through the contributions of the printers of the country, a statue of 'Franklin, the Printer," to be placed in one of the public reservations. This committee consists of Messrs. Wm. R. McLean, Wm. Woodward, Michael Caton, J. C. Franzoni, and James D. Chedal. They are expected to report at the next regular meeting.

THE GOVERNMENT GREEN-HOUSES.—The more delicate of the plants at the government green-houses are already in their winter quarters, and others, by the help of the gar-deners, are fast migrating into the artificial tropics. The new circular green-house is completed all to putting in the sash and glass. In this, besides the stands and movable jars, there is to be a permanent brick-crib of earth around against the wall nearly to the height of the window sills, for the accommodation of such plants as de not require isolation from the earth

THE NEW ARMORY, situated in Armory Square, in this ity, is now nearly ready for occupancy. It contains three spacious stories without 'any partitions, except that of the stair-way in the northeast corner, and two rows of cast-iron pillars through the length of the two lower stories. The upper story is without an obstruction what-ever, and is designed for a drill-room for the District mi-litia. The grounds of the armory are also to be laid out for military practice and parade.

FIRE.-A fire broke out on Monday night about 11 o'clock in a frame building, at the corner of Seventh and L streets, belonging to old Mr. Shreeves, who resides in Montgomery county, Maryland. A store was kept by Mesers. Johnson & Reider in the lower story, but their goods were quickly taken out, and but little damaged The building was saved from destruction by the prompt interposition of the Northern Liberties Fire Company. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an dlary, as no one was living in the second story, in which

considerable sickness is now prevailing on this work, and that on this account many of the hands are leaving it. about three hundred men. The principal kind of work now in progress is the excavation and culvert-work. It is to be hoped that the season will soon become favorable to the rapid prosecution of this great national and useful enterprise.

MRS. BURR'S School for Young Ladies, No. 391
H street, between 13th and 14th streets west, will reopen
in Monday, September 21.
Sopt 5-18-44-49

Select School for Young Ladies,

No. 309 F street, between 11th and 12th.

THIS SCHOOL will be ber 14, under the personal superintendence of Professor Donals Macleod and the ladies of his family, with assistants of ability and ex-perience. For thorough literary culture, social advantages, and the Sep 4-dlour

MISS BROOKE'S English and French Boarding and Day Sch FOR YOUNG LADIES,

DINGS, No. 138, PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, WASHI Monday, September 14th, 1857.

The number of pupils being limited, and the vacancies being few, arly application for admission is requested.

Circulars can be obtained at the bookstores, or of the principal at er residence, whence they will be forwarded to any address.

Aug 8—Stawtf† THE duties of this institution will be resumed on

MISSES ROOKER'S English and French Boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 464 E street, between 04 and 7th, Washington city.

The duties of this institution, which has been in successful operation for some years, will be resumed on Monday, September 14. Circular containing particulars can be obtained at the bookstores of the city

THE COLUMBIAN COLLEGE. Washington, D. C.

THE ANNUAL SESSION of this institution will

commence on Wednesday, the thirtieth (30th) of Septemberts will be examined for entrance on the Monday and Tuesday. revious.

The preparatory department of the institution will open on Weden day, the inith (9th) of September. It will be under the supervision of the college officers, and will be provided with the best instruction for admission, or further information, apply to the president of the college.

Registrar.

Registrar.

Georgetown College.

Studies will be resumed in this institution on Monday, the 7th of September next B. A. MAGURE.

President.

THE Misses Hawley's French and English School will be re-opened on Monday, September 14th, at their residence 10f Pennsylvania avenue.

University of Nashville.

THE Medical Department opens November 2; the free preliminary course, October 5, 1857, Apply to PAUL F. EVE, Dean. The Collegiate Department, Western Military Institute, commenter sension September 7. It comprises a complete chassical con an elective course in engineering, in scientific and agricult branches, and a preparatory school. Tuttion, boarding, washing, \$100 per term of twenty weeks. Modern languages, &c., each \$10 term.

orm.
Last season there were 630 students in the two departments.
Apply to B. R. JOHNSON, Superintendent,
Assuritzs, Tenn., July 11, 1857.
Aug 5—3mdsw&w*

Academy of the Visitation, Frederick City, Maryland. THE exercises of this institution will recon

TERMS OF BOARDERS.

Fixed of Boarders.

Reard and inition with the French language (if deaired) per annum of ten months.

Stationery, washing, mending, bed, bedding, doctor's fee, &c. 19
Music on the plane, harp, and guitar forms an additional charge.
Lessons in the Latin, German, Italian, and Spanish languages, drawing and painting, are likewise extra charges. Entrance fee \$5.

Aug 22—Law'w*

OFFICIAL.

GEORGEROWN COLLEGE. - In our late notice of the open James Buckanan, President of the United States of America,

Satisfactory evidence having been exhibited to me that Frantz Bu

States.

In testimony whereof, I have caused these letters to be made pute.

In loamony whereor, I have caused the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, the 7th day of the independence of the United States of America the eighty-second.

JAMES BUCHANAN.

James Huchanan, President of the United States of America, to all who Sati-factory evidence having been exhibited to me that Antonio Guz-man Hanco has been appointed consul of the republic of Venezuela, in Philadelphia, I do hereby recognise him as such, and declare him free to exercise and enjoy such functions; powers, and privileges as are allowed to the consuls of the most favored nations in the United

In testimony whereof, I have caused these letters to be made pa ent, and the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, the 7th day of (t. s.) September, A. D. 1857, and of the independ States of America the eighty second.

By the President :

Luwis Cass, Secretary of State

Washington, September S, 1857.

As statements have recently been published in the newspapers in regard to the alleged duel between Professors Moore and Francis, in the Napo region, Evandor, resulting in the death of the latter, it is believed that the friends of both gentlemen will be interested in the following very different version of that catastrophe, communicated at the time of its occurrence, by the Ecuadorian Minister for Foreign Affairs to the minister of the United States in Quito, by whom it was transmitted to this department:

"On the 19th of April, at 7 o'clock in the evening, Mr. Francis was seate 1 at the door of the house which he occupied, together with his companion, Mr. Moore. The latter was, in the dark and within the house, proparing his gun for the purpose of shooting a night-bird that had on many previous occasions perched on the roof of the building, and, as he was fixing on a cap, the hammer fell, the gun went off, and wounded the unfortunate Mr. Francis. This is the account given of the occurrence in the declarations imbodied in the preliminary examination conducted by the governor in relation to the event. A copy of it is hereby transmitted, in order that the minister may have a full knowledge of the circumstances.

"From the representations of the governor, the wound received by Mr. Francis is a very serious one, and likely to result in death. Extremely painful would it prove to the governor, the wound received by Mr. Francis is a very serious one, and likely to result in death. Extremely painful would it prove to the governor the section. For the purpose, therefore, as much as la its power lies, of warding off such a consummation, and of thus pajing a tribute to science and giving a proof of the estimation in which the citizens of the great republic are held, it has besued orders to the governor of the province of the Exist to spare no expense or excitice in endeavoring to save the precious life of the distinguished American maturalst as will be seen, Mr. Minister, from the copy whic

From the copy which you will find enclosed by this department."

The following extract from a despatch received on the 4th instant from the minister of the United States in Ecuador, and dated 17th July, appears to preclude the idea that the death of Mr. Francis was the result of a due!

"I now learn, by letters from Messra. Moore and George Corbin Edwards, that, after suffering intensely for some two mentls, Jr. Francis died of his wound on the 15th of June. Mr. Moore pursues the object of the exploration alone, and has proceeded down the Maranon and Amazon rivers."

BY TELEGRAPH.

A Philadelphia Steamer Disabled.

Nonroles, Sept. 7.—The steamer Keystone State, from Philadelphia for Savannah, put in here yesterday in distress, having broken her side lever. She will have to be towed back to Philadelphia. Her passengers took the railroad from this point for Savannah.

The Keystone State was picked up yesterday and towed into Old Point by the steamer Jenkins, from Baltimore for Beston.

Destructive Fire in Georgia. USTA, Sept. 8.—A destructive fire occurred on St

day in the town of Americas, Sumter county, Ga., destroying the houses of H. W. Shaw, John C. Holmes, S. S. Kendrick, F. Vogelsang, J. P. Griffin, B. Greenwold, Wm. S. Johnson & Evans, and others.

The loss is not stated, but must be very large, as a large portion of the business part of the town has been

New York, Sept. 8.—Last night Md'lle Frezzolini made a most brilliant and triumphant debut in the opera of Somnambula at the Academy of Music. The house was crowded with an appreciative audience, which gave her a most enthusiastic reception.

Death of a Member Elect of Congress. EVANSVILLE, (Pa.,) Sept. 8.—Hon. James Lockhart nember of Congress elect, died yesterday morning.

The Ohio River. WHEBLING, Sept. 8 .- The river this morning is still

**THE Rev. Wm. Pinkney, D. D., having accepted the call of the vestry of the Church of the Ascension, will enter pon the duties of his rectorable on Sunday, October 11.

Persons desiring pews in the church will please apply to

C. F. HURLBURT,

NEW Fall and Winter Goods for Gentlemen

also, something for the ladies.—P. J. STEER, Merchant Tailer 488 Seventh atreet, Washington, is now ready to exhibit his new and winter goods. Gentlemen will please carl early and selecehoice styles.

In the making up and the trimming of all work sold at my store guaranty a superior style and ample satisfaction to the purchaser.

guaranty a superior style and ample satisfaction to the purchaser.

The advertiser, having the agency for the sale of Wheeler and Wilson's himiltable Family Sewing Machines, would confidently recommend them to the ladies and to all others engaged in making up ladies and children's clothing, and in shirt-making, as beyond all controversy superior to any other in existence. Full instructions are given, and entire competency is guarantied in all cases to the operator.

Ladies in want of a really good sewing machine will do well to call at my store and see for themselves.

Sept 9—2aw3wif WINTER FUEL NOW ON HAND AND ON the way—
600 tons white ash egg coal for radiators
750 tons white ash broken coal for firmace
600 tone red ash egg coal for grates

ed ash egg coal for grates mall size for range and cooking stoye umberland coal. Large supplies of risk, oar, and history wood.

As we are weekly receiving large supplies of all kinds of fuel, el confident we can make it to the advantage of all those who i

Prompt personal attention given to every order, \$2°Coal kept in floored and rooted yards.

T. J. & W. M. GALT, Northwest corner 12th and C streets, No. 547, One square south of Penn. aven

Modern Languages.

DANIEL E. GROUX, a native of France, teache of modern languages, especially French, Spanish, and Germa ranslations made with correctness and punctuality, at moders

EBBITT HOUSE. D. L. Mon

F street, between 13th and 14th streets, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Washington, D. C.

THIS popular and fashionable hotel has been thoroughly repaired and furnished with new and superior furniture. It contains over one hundred rooms, and has all the requisites of a first-class house.

The proprietors have provided a coach, which will be at the railroad depot and steamboat landing at overy arrival for the conveyance of passengers and baggage to the hotel.

June 26—

WILLARD'S HOTEL.—J. C. & H. A. Willard Pennsylvania avenue and Fourteenth street, Washington, D. C.

J. MIDDLETON, Ice dealer, office and dep

Collector's Office, City Hall,

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—Deduction for promp payment.—Notice is hereby given that the taxes for the yes 1857 are move due and payable at this office, and that a deduction a ton per cent, is allowed by law for the current year if paid on or before the 18th day of September next.

Jay 19 — sould be a second of the current year if paid on or before the 18th day of September next.

JAS. F. HALIDAY, July 19 — codditt

MOST ABSORBING BOOK OF THE AGE MOST ABSORBING BOOK OF THE ACE
Consuctor by George Sand. Prices 50 cents.
The Countees of Endolstadt; by George Sand. 50 cents.
Sylvester Sound, the Sounsbuilst; by Henry Cockton. 50 cents
Corinne, or Italy; by Madame De Stad. 50 cents.
Life and Hearther of Fanny Feria, 2 volumes. \$1; bound \$1 25.
Sam Sick, the Clockmaker, 2 vols. \$1; bound \$1 25.
Con Cregan, the Irish Gil Bha; by Charles Laver. 50 cents.
Just recrived at TAYLOR & MAURY'S Bookstore,
Near 9th etree

TMPORTANT TO COTTON PLANTERS by which

MPORTANT TO COTION PLANTERS, By writer their incomes must be doubled—The underrigned has invented and obtained letter patent from the United States for the arangement and combination of machinery for converting seed conton not yarns by one continuous process, from the gin through the values preparation and spinning machinery, until it is ready for ship-end or wearing.

The saving from waste by this process will be at least ten per cent, and yarns made from the libre (unbroken and uninjured by the operations of the machinery of the present process used to open and discinning it is will be about fifty per cent, stronger and beaster, and will cummand the markets of the world, distancing all competition at

will cummand the markets of the world, distancing all competitions advanced perioss.

The undersigned is prepared to dispose of privileges to use it patent; and planters will be informed as to terms, with complete structions how to use it, how to obtain the best machinery, and other necessary particulars, on application addressed to Dec 6—2awlyif GEREGE G. HENRY, Mobile.

United States Navat Count or Inquire,

Washington, February 26, 1857.

THE judge advocate gives notice, for the information of parties coming before the court under the 1st section of the act of January 18, 1857, that they will respectively be advised by the department when their cases shall have been referred to the reart; and that it is desirable that it presenting themselves they should come prepared with a list of such witnesses as they may desire to have summoned, specifying to which of the respective heads of "fitness for the naval sorvice" mentioned in the act their testimony is to be applied respectively; and suggesting the delay, if any which may be required; and in respect of what winnesses.

J. M. "ARLISIE, Judge Advocate.

H. GILLET, Counsellor at Law, has removed inirioenth streets. He will continue to devote his attention principally to cases in the United States Supreme Court. Having devoted unted thine to the law concerning patents, he will tree advice and opinions on legal questions arising in cases before the ratent Office, and on appeals to the citier justice or assistant justices of the District of Columbia; and will also assist in the preparation and rais of source concerning patents.

Oct 28-dtf

SUTER, LEA, & Co., Bankers.

George C. Thomas

issioner of Deeds for all the States

BANKING HOUSE OF CHUBB BROTHERS, Washington, January 1, 1857. TOHN D. BARROW and HENRY HOLMES are this day admitted as partners in the Banking House of Chubb Brothers. The firm from this date will be composed of Chars. J. Chubb, John D. Barrow, and Henry Holmes. The House in Davenport, Lowa, is composed of Charles St. J. Chubb, Wm. H. Deugal, and Alexander H. Barrow, under the firm of Chubb Brothers, Barrow, & Co.

Jan 1—dtf

CHAS. S. D. JONES. JONES & NOELL,

DUBUQUE, IOWA, WILL attend faithfully and punctually to any business in the line of their profession committed to them. Collections made in Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin, and Minnesota Territory, and proceeds promptly remitted.

Col. Thomas Green,
Messra, Pairo & Nourse, Bankers,
Hon. Reverdy Johnson, Baltimore, Maryland.
Hon. John McKeon,
Hon. John A. Dix,
Sep 2—dif

THOMAS R. SUTER, LUKE LEA, LUTHER R. SMOOT. SMOOT, RUSSELL, & CO., Bankers, Leavenworth City, K. T., dealers in exchange, uncurrent bank notes, and land warrants. Agents for the purchase and sale of ladds and city lots, and all business appertaining to a trat-class land agency.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and

LUTHER R. SMOOT, WM. H. RUSSELL, (Of Majorz, Russell, & Co.,) THOMAS R. SUTER, LUKE LEA,

Corner Main and Shawnee streets, opposite Planters' Hotel,
Ap 18—d&cp6m Leavenworth City, K. Washington Insurance Company.

THIS Company is now prepared to receive appli-cations for insurance on bulldings, morchandise, &c., at the usual city rates, without any charge for policy, at their office, corner of Tenth street and Fenn. avenue, over the Washlagton City Savinga

Wm. F. Bayly, Robert Farnham, Wm. Orme, Francis Mohun Benj. Beall.

JAMES C. McGUIRE, Preside

Mutual Life Insurance Company of Connecticut, INCORPORATED IN 1846. Capital, \$2,454,000. Annual dividend on life policies, 40 per cent.

Ninety eight families were relieved during 1846 by paying \$214,995. Statements of the company's operations furnished. Those who in red at other agencies, and have removed to this city, can have their oblices renewed through

June 13-dly DR. C. H. VAN PATTEN, Dentist, expects to reach his home by the 8th September proxime, when, with renewed vigor and energy, he will resume his professional duties.

With abundant reason for believing that his efforts in Washington during the past cipities years have proved generally antisactory, he is determined yet more and more to merit the public confidence and patronage, which he again respectfully solicits.

Office (as heretofore) at his residence, Cedar Hill Villa, Pennsylvania avenue, near Georgetown.

ATCH Repairing and Engraving.—Watches, chronometers, and pocket timekeepers of every description repaired by skilldl workmen and warranteet to perform accurately. Engraving of every description done in the best style, including the cutting of arms, crests, notices, and initials on stone.

** Visiting and wedding cartis elegantly engraved and printed.

M. W. GALT & BRO

FURNACES.

THE ATTENTION of the community generally, and of house-builders particularly, is invited to the Keystone fleater, lately patented by J. D. Green, of Philadelphia.

All persons interested are solicited to call at our store and satisfy themselves of the superiority of this heater over all others in use. So successfully have the principles of combustion been applied in its construction, that although it presents a radiating surface of one hundred and fifty square feet, it requires thirty per cent. less coal than any furnace heretofore manufactured.

Every improvement, that an experience of thirty years in the furnace heretofore manufactured. Every improvement that an experience of thirty years in the fur-nace business could suggest has been applied in the production of the Keystone Rester, and its proprietors feel assured that, for efficiency and economy of use, it is unsurpassed.

FROST KING. WOODWARD'S Metropolitan Stove and Grate

FURNITURE AND HOUSE-FURNISHING Goods A reduced prices.—The subscriber, intending to devote his at-tention exclusively to the auction and commission and real-estate busi-ness, offers for sale his extensive stock of furniture and house-furnish-ing goods at greatly reduced prices, for each or satisfactorily endorsed

duced prices, for cash or satisfactorily JAS. C. MAGUIRI Auction and Commission Me FOR RENT.—A rare chance.—Now under construction, 12 large and siry rooms, with all the conveniences of water and lights. The location is in the principal business square of the city, and the rooms are well adapted for dentists, dignerroot the city, and the rooms are well adapted for dentists, dignerroot pipts, offices, &c. Also, a convenient and siry basement, suitable for any light business. The whole finished and well lighted in the meet improved manner, after the New York styles.

WALL & STEPHENS,

No. 362 Ponnard-anjis avenue.

No. 322 Pennsylvania avenue, between 9th and 10th streets, entrance on D street.

FOR SALE, very valuable real estate on Pennsylvania avenue.—The property adjoining on the east, the vacant lot at corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 15th street. It fronts to a 30-feet alley.

Further particulars, terms, &c., made known on application to KELLER & McKENNEY.

15th street, opp

SPLENDID HOTEL LOT FOR SALE, In the city of Washington, D. C., and fronting on Ponneyl

THE LOT is about one hundred and seventy feet

by one hundred and sixty feet, being the ground party feet by one hundred and sixty feet, being the ground party occu-pied by the Union newspaper printing office, and partly by the ruiss of the late National Theatre. There is no place in the country where a first-class bestel is more imperatively required, nor where such a one would so surely prove profitable. The terms will be made very favorable, and, if needed, facilities will be afforded in the erection of a

altable hotel.
Apply, in Washington, to C. H. WINDER; or, in Philadelphia, to W. H. WINDER.
No. 74½ Walnut stree.
And, if not sold, the Union Buildings will be for rent, and posses tiven on the 1st of September, 1857.
July 25—2aw2m† [Intel.]

SCHOOL STATIONERY.—Slates, Copy Books, Ex-TAYLOR & MAURY'S